



# Managing risks in a megaproject

**Femern**  
*Sund ≅ Bælt*



## Outline:

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Why risk management?**
- 3. How risks are managed in Femern A/S**
- 4. How the quantification of risks is used**
- 5. When is risk management a success?**



# 1. Introduction

## Who am I?

Nis Andersen, Design Engineer and Risk Specialist

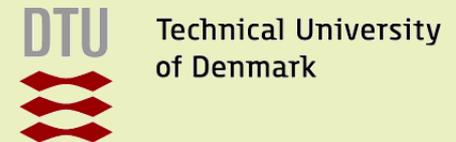
M. Sc. Civil Engineering (DTU from 2010-2015)

- *Construction Management*

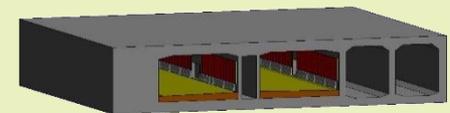
Master thesis

*Use of BIM in total cost of ownership*

**Femern**  
*Sund ≅ Bælt*



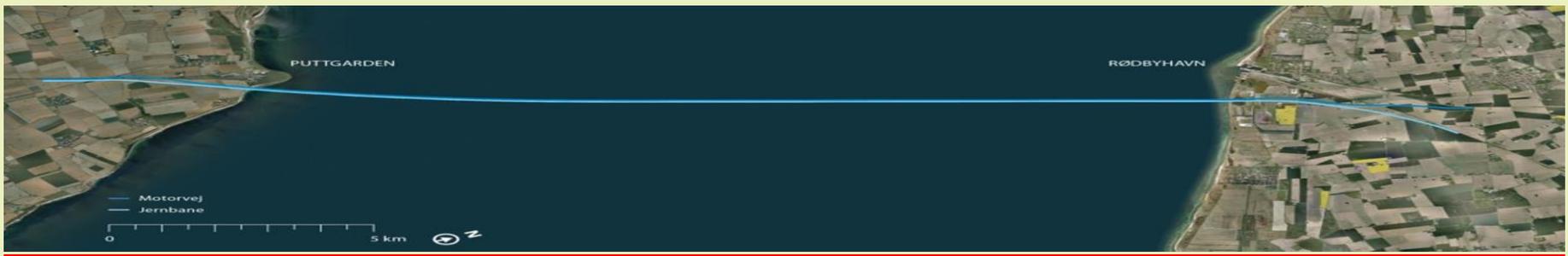
Technical University  
of Denmark



# 1. Introduction

## What is Femern A/S?

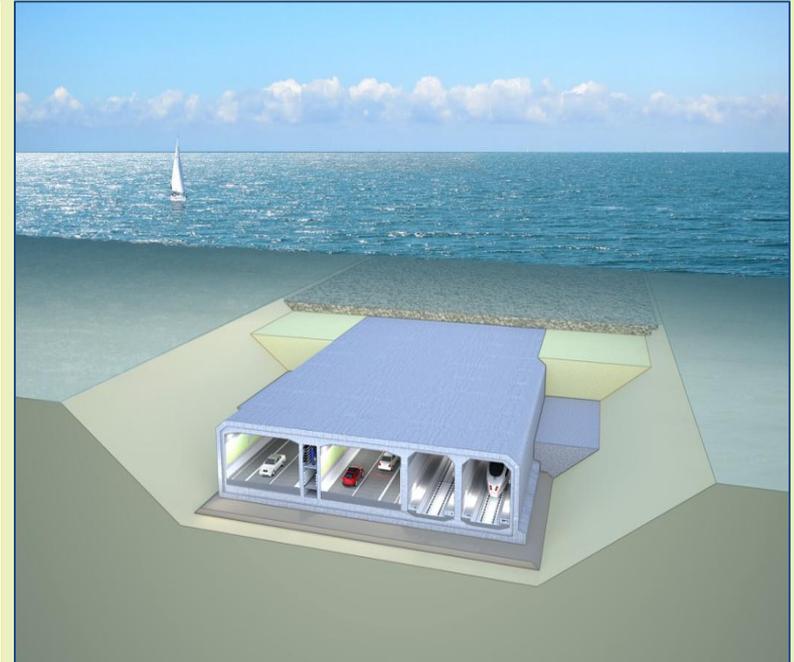
Owner of the world's longest immersed tunnel  
from Denmark to Germany



# 1. Introduction

## *The Fehmarnbelt Link in Numbers*

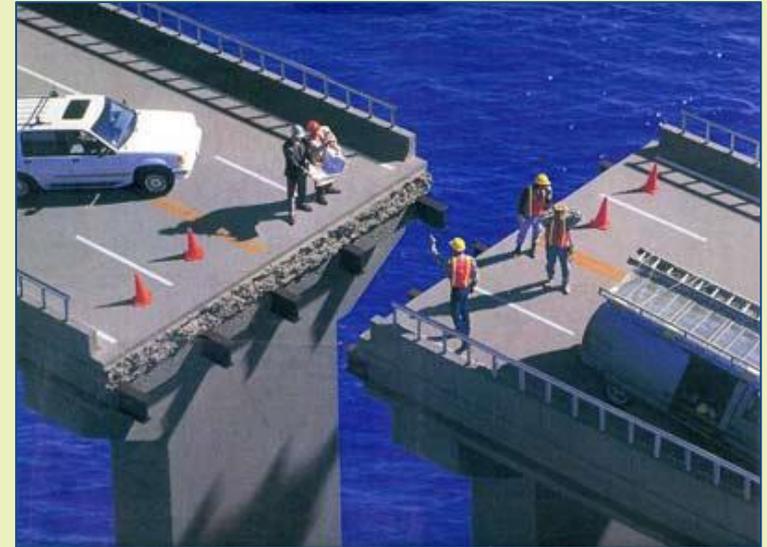
18 km  
4 lane motorway  
2 electrified rail tracks  
79 standard elements  
10 special elements  
3,000 people  
8.5 years  
55.1 billion DKK (7,4 billion €)



# 1. Introduction

## What is a risk?

*"A deviation from the expected  
expressed in terms of consequences  
and the associated likelihood"*



### Uncertainty

Impact = x, y or z  
Probability = 1

Vs.

### Risk

Impact = x, y or z  
Probability < 1

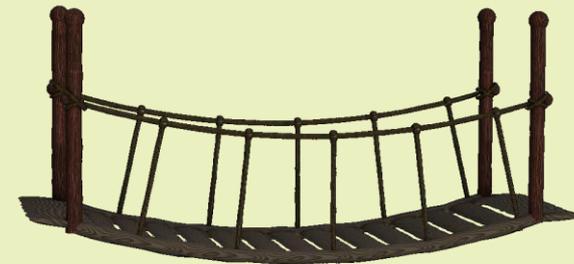
## 2. Why risk management?

### **Risk Management**

*A tool in project management  
to achieve core objectives*

### **Risks will occur!**

Proactive approach to mitigate or avoid risks  
Risk reserve - a precondition for proactivity

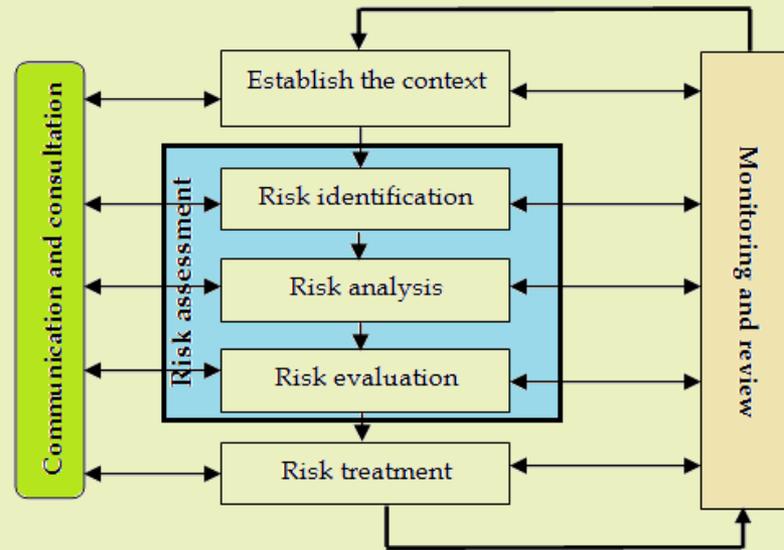


*"It's expensive to be poor" –  
Kim Smedegaard Andersen,  
Technical Deputy Director Femern A/S*

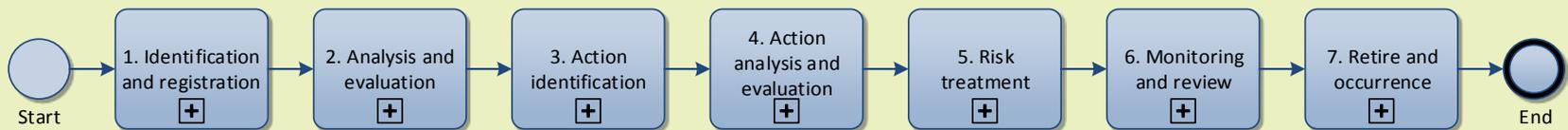
### 3. How risks are managed in Femern A/S

**Output of risk process**

1. Probability
2. Impact
3. Treatment plan
4. Risk owner to treat and monitor & review the risk



ISO 31000 – Risk Management

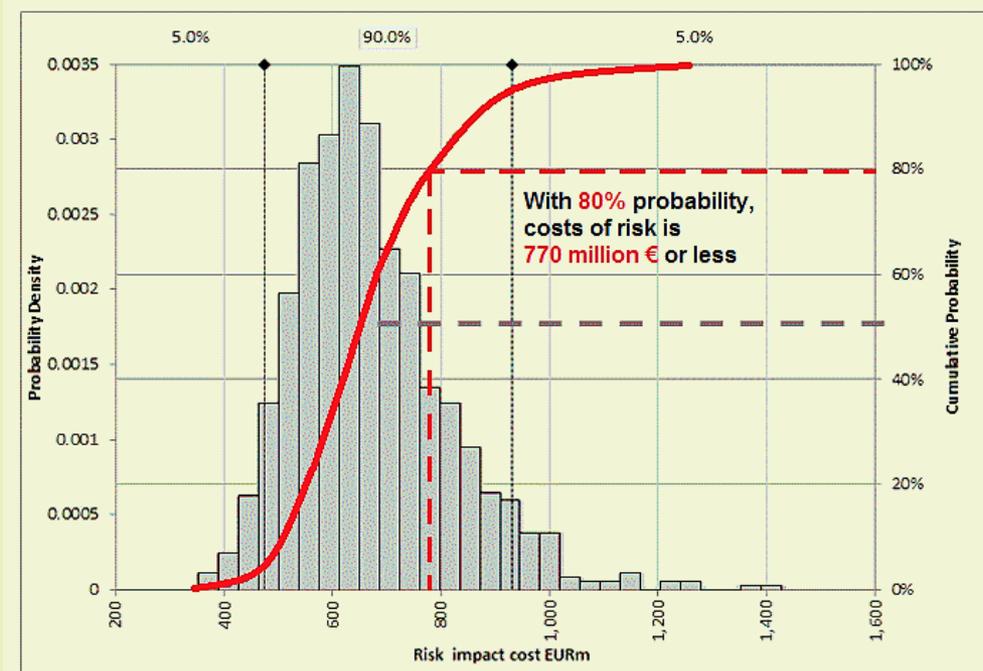


ISO 31000 converted to Femern Risk Management procedure

## 4. How the quantification of risks is used

### Monte Carlo simulation

10,000 simulations hence 10,000 different results

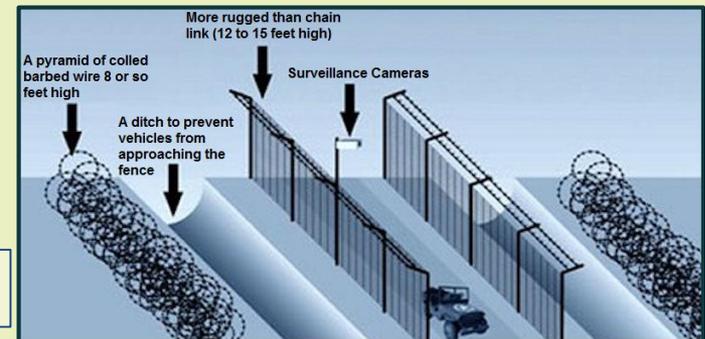
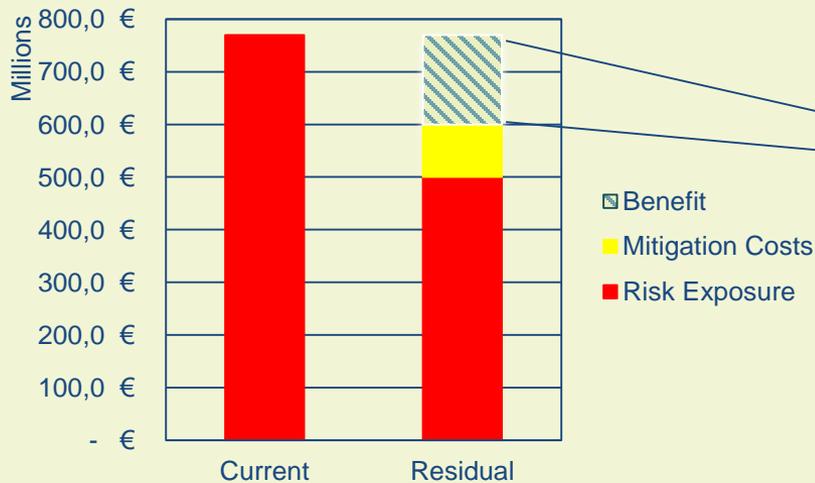


*Random outcomes  
based on probability  
and impact distribution*

# 5. When is risk management a success?

**As Low As Reasonable Practical (ALARP)**

## Benefit of risk mitigation



**NOT ALARP!**

## 5. When is risk management a success?

### Risk schedule analyses

- More complex
- Difficult to make cost benefit
- Requires a great understanding
  - of each single risk, activity and
  - interdependency

